A-Level Sociology Curriculum Map 2021-22

<u>Aim</u>: To deliver an intrinsically, extrinsically and socially relevant course that will inspire all students to acquire the knowledge, skills and confidence to achieve their full potential - being able to think creatively and critically to take their places in an increasingly complex society.

Year 12	Autumn 1: An introduction to A-level Sociology / The Sociology of Education	Autumn 2: The Sociology of Education	Spring 1: Research Methods (+ Education)	Spring 2: Families & Households	Summer 1: Families & Households and Exam preparation	Summer 2: The Media
Curriculum Content	Students to be encouraged that concepts such as these below will have been encountered in previous school years - e.g. in 'Humanities' and related subjects. # A basic introduction to sociological thinking, social patterns, structures and processes # An introduction to the basics of sociological theory: functionalism, Marxism,	Ethnicity and educational achievement Gender and educational achievement Factors and Processes in Schools such as Labelling streams/sets and so on. Education and Govt Policy Current cohorts of	Types of research methods that sociologists use. Their relevance to the study of Education	Aspects of Family life are touched on in Education, besides which students are familiar with families (!) BASICS What is the family? Couples in family life: division of labour; power relationships, etc. The changing status of childhood Theories of the family	The family, social structure and social change (continued) # Demography # Family diversity # Govt policies related to these changes	Another 'student friendly' module topic that can develop from students' basic prior knowledge. Introducing the media The various types of media
	Feminism, Social Action Theory and Postmodernism Students have been in the Education system for eleven years, so Education is 'student friendly' for the first main topic. # Functions of the Education System # Education and Social Class	students will be well aware of govt involvement in education Education policy related to Globalisation and Privatisation What might seem like complex terms will become straightforward once the specific govt changes are considered.	The above to include references to relevant concepts such as: Reliability, Validity, Positivism & Interpretivism (Linked to Quantitative Primary Methods and Qualitative Primary Methods)	(Functionalist, Marxist, Feminist especially) These perspectives will have already been encountered in the Education topic. The family, social structure and social change Exploring student awareness prior to detailed coverage to follow.	Revision of topics that will feature in the end of year exams. To be done by practising past papers and emphasising the key AO1 AO2 AO3 key skills. These will already have been practised and emphasised throughout the course thus far.	How the media is regulated

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Experience shows that most students have usually benefited greatly from the ground work in (what were new) concepts and theories covered in Year 12. Ideas tend to be understood much more rapidly In Year 13, given the students' increasingly sociological way of thinking

Year 13	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	The Media (<u>continued</u>)	Crime & Deviance	Crime & Deviance	Sociological Theory & Research Methods	Sociological Theory - concluded.	Revision / Exam technique (continued)
					Revision/ Exam technique	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Curriculum	Ownership and control of	Basic definitions: crime,	Gender and Crime	Quantitative and	Sociology & Social	Final Exam
content	the media: Pluralist, Marxist and neo- Marxist views.	deviance and social control	and Feminist views.	Qualitative Methods – reviewed / expanded	Policy	preparation and
			Ethnicity and crime	from Y12 knowledge.	Reviewing /	technique for the forthcoming papers.
	Globalisation postmodernism and	Functionalist & related subcultural theories	(as touched on in neo- Marxist views).	Sociology / sociologists technique with specific reference	exam preparation and	nd ors:
	popular culture # Also referring to the	rring to the Interactionist theories	Crime & the Media – including 'moral		specific reference to all the A-level papers:	
	'new media'.			# Sociology & Science # Sociology & Values	# Paper 1 (Education)	
	The selection and presentation of news # Referring to 'new media'	Marxist theories	panics'.	Functionalist theories	# Paper 1 (Research Methods)	
	also.	Neo-Marxist theories (first mention of 'ethnic crime').	Global crime and its	Marxist/Neo-Marxist	# Panan 2 (Familias)	
	(f		various types (e.g.	theories	# Paper 2 (Families)	
	Media representations of # Age, Social class, Ethnicity.		green crime, state crime).	Feminism	# Paper 2 (Media)	
	# Gender Sexuality Disability	Left / Right Realist ideas	Theories regarding Punishment and	Interactionist approaches # Paper3 (Crime / Theory & Methods	# Paper3 (Crime / Theory & Methods)	
	Media influence: the					
	relationship between the media and audiences.		Victims (Links to Left Realist & Right Realist ideas).	Globalisation and Postmodernist ideas		